

RESEARCH QUESTION

What is the impact of Pikes Peak Habitat for Humanity homeownership on its homeowners? Outcomes are analyzed in relation to six metrics:



BACKGROUND

Pikes Peak Habitat for Humanity is a regional affiliate of the global brand. Key services for lowincome families include:

- Building new homes & providing affordable mortgages
- Skill-building courses in home repair & financial management
- ReStore home improvement stores

LITERATURE REVIEW

Homeownership, especially when safe, stable, and affordable, is linked to increased:

- Overall life satisfaction
- Accumulation of wealth
- Social capital
- Physical & mental health
- Positive outcomes for children
- Stable employment

(Dietz & Haurin, 2003; Haefelle & Storr, 2019; Hays, 2002; Lattimore & Lauria, 2018; Manturuk et al., 2012; Phillips et al., 2009; PlaHovinsak, 2022; Rohe & Basolo, 1997)

OUTCOMES FOR PIKES PEAK HABITAT FOR HUMANITY HOMEOWNERS SPRING 2024 CAPSTONE PRESENTATION BY ASHLEY PEACOCK



SAMPLE: 41 out of 120 possible households

SURVEY DISTRIBUTION: Conducted via SurveyMonkey

INCENTIVE: \$25 Amazon gift card for each household upon completion

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS: Frequency of responses on Likert scales, grouped into negative, neutral, and positive responses

INFERENTIAL STATISTICS: Fisher's exact test (measuring significance) on 11 Dependent Variables, with "length of time in home" as the Independent Variable

FINDINGS



Educational Outcomes Neighborhood & Home Stability Financial Stability & Wealth Building Employment Opportunities Health Outcomes Civic & Social Engagement



said their lives had become better overall since becoming homeowners

said they would not have been able to own a home without Habitat

OTHER CONCERNS:

- Worry about unexpected expenses (54%)
- *Home repair*: affordable for 56%; easy for 46%
- On a scale of 1-10, 49% rated *neighborhood* 8-10
- Schools: 58% satisfied with quality; 51% felt Pikes Peak Habitat home provided better opportunities

INFERENTIAL STATISTICS:

"I feel more stable in my living situation" was the only variable that was statistically significant with length of time in home (p=.07).

METHODS

LIMITATIONS:

- independently
- over 8 years after moving in)
- sample size

ETHICS: Responses were de-identified before being sent to the researcher; no IRB approval was needed.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- home repair)
- data



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: Dr. Robin Kempf, Dr. Jessica Berrett, Karla Probert

Metrics are abstract and difficult to measure

• Because of no pre-test data, homeowners had to self-report perceived changes over time (half

Inferential statistics were limited due to small

• Time restraints limited qualitative analysis

 Target changes in specific programming (e.g. refining courses on financial literacy &

 Consider geographic region and quality of schools when acquiring land

 Conduct longitudinal study or simple pre-/ post-test comparisons to provide better

• Pursue areas of additional research:

 Potential benefit of Pikes Peak Habitat homeownership as workforce housing for educators

Analysis of qualitative responses

 Comparison of existing financial data from homeowner applications



College of Public Service UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO **COLORADO SPRINGS**